Happy Sabbath!

Sabbath Services Today: 2:30 PM

VIP Day Service
855 N. Mart-way Dr.
Olathe, KS 66061
MapToServices

Assignments Sabbath:
Pianist: Heather Hare
Song Leader: Kurt Whynaucht
Sermonette: In Accord
Sermon: Caleb Froedge

Links to:
KansasCity/ColumbiaArchivedMessages
In Accord
HQ Church Calendar
FNLYoungAdultsStudy
Feasts of the Lord Video Series

Anniversaries for the Month:
Kurt and Judy Whynaucht July 13, 1990
Michelle and Don Neeland July 18, 1992

Upcoming Events:
FI Summer Continuing Education July 15 – 19
FNL Bible Study July 19
Intl. Leader Ship Program in S. Africa July 27-28

Announcements:
See STER Announcement: Member Letter

Festival Assistance Application Announcement

Each year many faithful brethren contribute extra funds from their Festival tithe so that other needy members can receive the financial assistance they need to attend the Feast of Tabernacles. Last year these generous contributions enabled nearly 200 people to attend the Feast who would have been unable to attend otherwise. The Church recognizes its responsibility to see that those contributions are distributed fairly and equitably. If you have no tithable income or if you have faithfully saved your Festival tithe and will still not have sufficient funds to attend the Feast this year, we will be happy to help where we can. If you think you will need additional funds to be able to attend the Feast this fall, please contact our local Festival advisor, (Caleb Froedge in KC and Dave Christal in Columbia) to get a Festival Assistance Member Information form. Complete the form and return it to your pastor or festival advisor as soon as possible. (All information on the form will be treated as confidential.) Ministerial Services has asked us to have all assistance applications turned in by July 21, so please pick up the form and return it to your congregation’s Festival advisor or your pastor as quickly as possible. Again, Festival financial assistance is available for those who do not have a tithable income and for those who do not have adequate funds to attend the Feast even though they have faithfully saved their Festival tithe.

BIBLE QUIZ – Deuteronomy (continued) (Answers below)

1. What two miracles took place during the forty years of wandering, according to Moses? (Deuteronomy 8:4)
   a. No children died, and no mothers died giving birth.
   b. People stepped on scorpions and were not harmed, and God protected the judges from disease.
   c. The tabernacle and its utensils remained intact, and all of the Levites survived.
   d. Their clothes did not wear out, and no one had swollen feet.

2. One of the tribes that Israel faced in the new land was the Anakim. They were described as: (Deuteronomy 9:2)
   a. Great and tall, and difficult to stand up to.
   b. The fiercest of warriors; men who fight to the death.
   c. A tribe, which, without God’s help, could not be defeated.
   d. Skilled with bows and highly trained for battle.
   e. Having neat weapons, but not very bright.

3. Why did Moses say that the Levites were not to receive an inheritance among their brothers? (Deuteronomy 10:9)
   a. Because they had turned away from God’s laws.
   b. Because the Lord was their inheritance.
   c. Because they had failed to use their turn signals one too many times.
   d. Because God had cursed them.
   e. Because they were to receive a special gift from the Lord in the generation to come.

4. According to Deuteronomy 11, how was the new land to differ from Egypt? (two answers) (Deuteronomy 11:10-12)
   a. It required no irrigation
   b. It would sustain far more herds of cattle
   c. It had mountains and valleys
   d. The trees were more plentiful
   e. The pharaoh who lived there was much nicer

5. After the place for the Lord’s dwelling was established, the people were to bring all of the following there EXCEPT: (Deuteronomy 12:5-6)
   a. Burnt offerings
   b. Tithes
   c. Bronze utensils
   d. Firstborn of their herds and flocks
   e. Special gifts
6. Which of the following are true concerning eating in the new land? (three answers) *(Deuteronomy 12:15-17)*
   a. Since the Lord would now be in their land, no food would be considered unclean.
   b. Animals could be slaughtered in any of the towns.
   c. The tithe of grain could be eaten anywhere, as long as the Lord’s blessing had been invoked.
   d. The prohibition regarding eating blood was lifted.
   e. Both the ceremonially clean and unclean could eat the meat from slaughtered animals.
   f. The people could eat as much meat as they desired.
   g. God told them to banish anyone who mentioned “fast food.”

7. Moses told the people that if one of the towns in the new land turned to false gods, they should respond with what actions? (three answers) *(Deuteronomy 13:12-16)*
   a. They must investigate thoroughly first, to determine if it was true.
   b. Charge the idolators a “sin tax.”
   c. The Levites should be God’s hands in dealing with the idolatry.
   d. All the people were to be killed with swords.
   e. The town and all its plunder were to be burned.
   f. They must send one appointed member from each of the tribes to talk with the leaders of the town.

8. The list of unclean birds (not for eating) appeared in Chapter 14. All of these were on the list EXCEPT ONE. Find it! (three answers) *(Deuteronomy 14:12-18)*
   a. Any kind of falcon
   b. Bats
   c. The white owl
   d. Doves
   e. The stork
   f. Any kind of raven

9. If a person lived too far from the Feast of Tabernacle site to carry his tithe (e.g. wine and oil) and firstlings there, how was he to resolve the situation? *(Deuteronomy 14:23-26)*
   a. He should sell his wine and firstlings, go to the tabernacle site, and purchase food and drink for his household there.
   b. Invite one of the Levites to his house. The Levite was to consecrate the tithe, and then stay to eat with the man and his household until all were filled.
   c. He was to craft a model of the tabernacle, have it consecrated by the priest, and set it above his doorway. The family could then eat their tithe with God’s blessing.
   d. He should ship his tithe to the tabernacle via UPS, then travel there on Amtrak with his family. Travel expenses would be deductible under the new covenant.

10. Which of the following were true concerning “seven year” obligations? (two answers) *(Deuteronomy 15:7-9, 12)*
    a. Creditors must cancel debts from brothers and foreigners.
    b. Hebrew slaves who desired freedom must be set free.
    c. You should still loan freely to a poor man, even in the sixth year, knowing his debt must be forgiven the following year.
    d. Hebrew slaves who were released, were not to request or receive anything other than their freedom from their owners.
    e. Israelite men who had the “seven-year itch” may take an extra wife or two to help them through it.